

Jordan Lake Rules Update

for

Jordan Lake Committee

Legislative Research Commission

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Division of Water Resources

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Talk Overview

Rule by Rule:

- Other Regulations
- Rule Requirements
- Status of Implementation
- Costs

Jordan Rules

15A NCAC 02B

- ▣ .0262 - Purpose and Scope (Goals) ⁵
- ▣ .0263 - Definitions
- ▣ .0264 - Agriculture⁶
- ▣ .0265 - Stormwater- New Development^{2,4,6}
- ▣ .0266 - Stormwater- Existing Development ^{1,6}
- ▣ .0267, .0268, .0269 - Riparian Buffer Rules^{2,6}
- ▣ .0270 - Wastewater Discharges^{1, 3,6}
- ▣ .0271 - Stormwater - State and Federal Entities^{2,6}
- ▣ .0272 - Fertilizer Management
- ▣ .0273 - Trading

¹ Affected by SL 2009-216

⁴Affected by SL 2012 200 & 201

² Affected by SL 2009-484

⁵Affected by SL 2012-187

³Affected by SL 2011-394

⁶Affected by SL 2013-395

Jordan Lake Watershed

WATERSHED



Map Prepared November 8, 2005

35% N
5% P

8% N
5% P

Haw Subwatershed

Upper New Hope Subwatershed

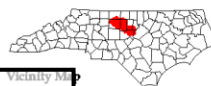
Lower New Hope Subwatershed

0% N
0% P

'97-'01 Baseline

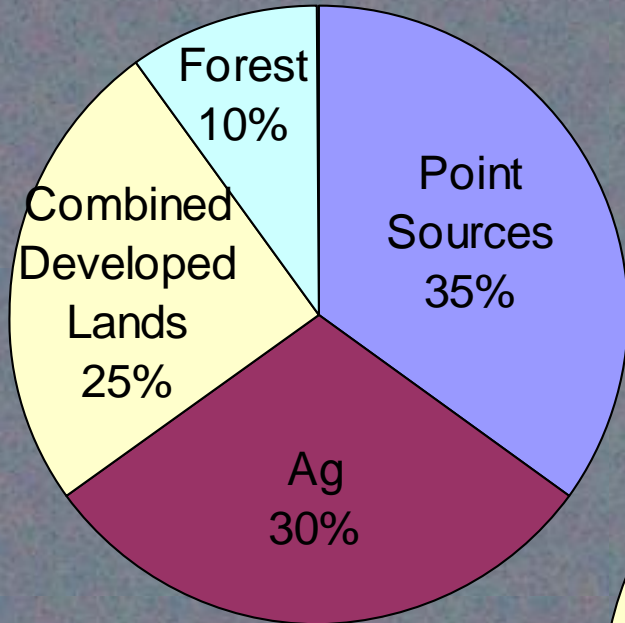
LEGEND

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Municipality | County Boundary | Surface Water Intake |
| Water Supply Watershed: WS-II | Hydrography | NPDES Wastewater Site (Minor) |
| WS-III | Haw River Watershed | NPDES Wastewater Site (Major) |
| WS-IV | Upper New Hope Watershed | Dam |
| | Lower New Hope Watershed | |

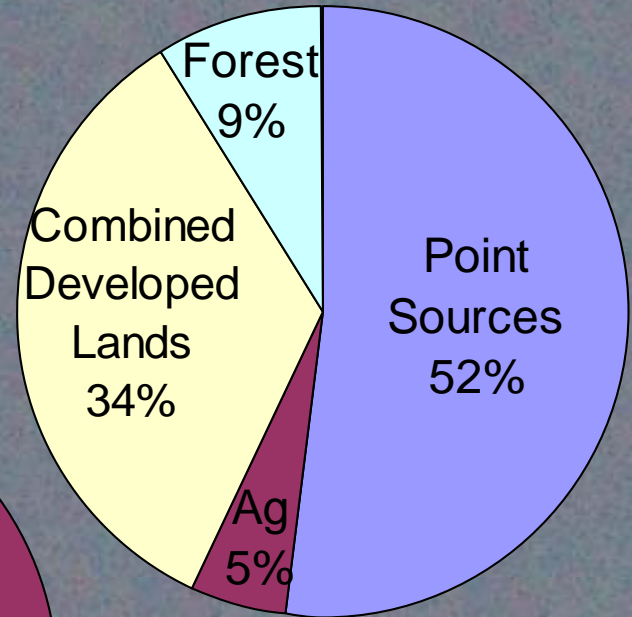


N Inputs to Arms of Jordan Lake

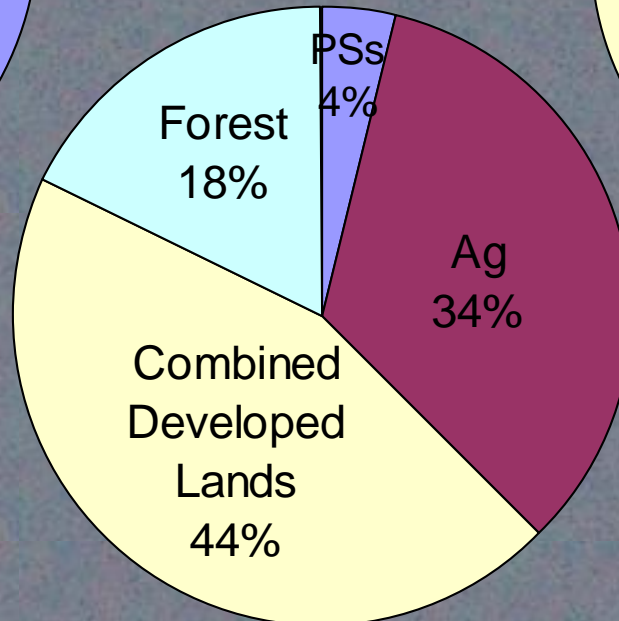
Haw River Arm



Upper New Hope Arm



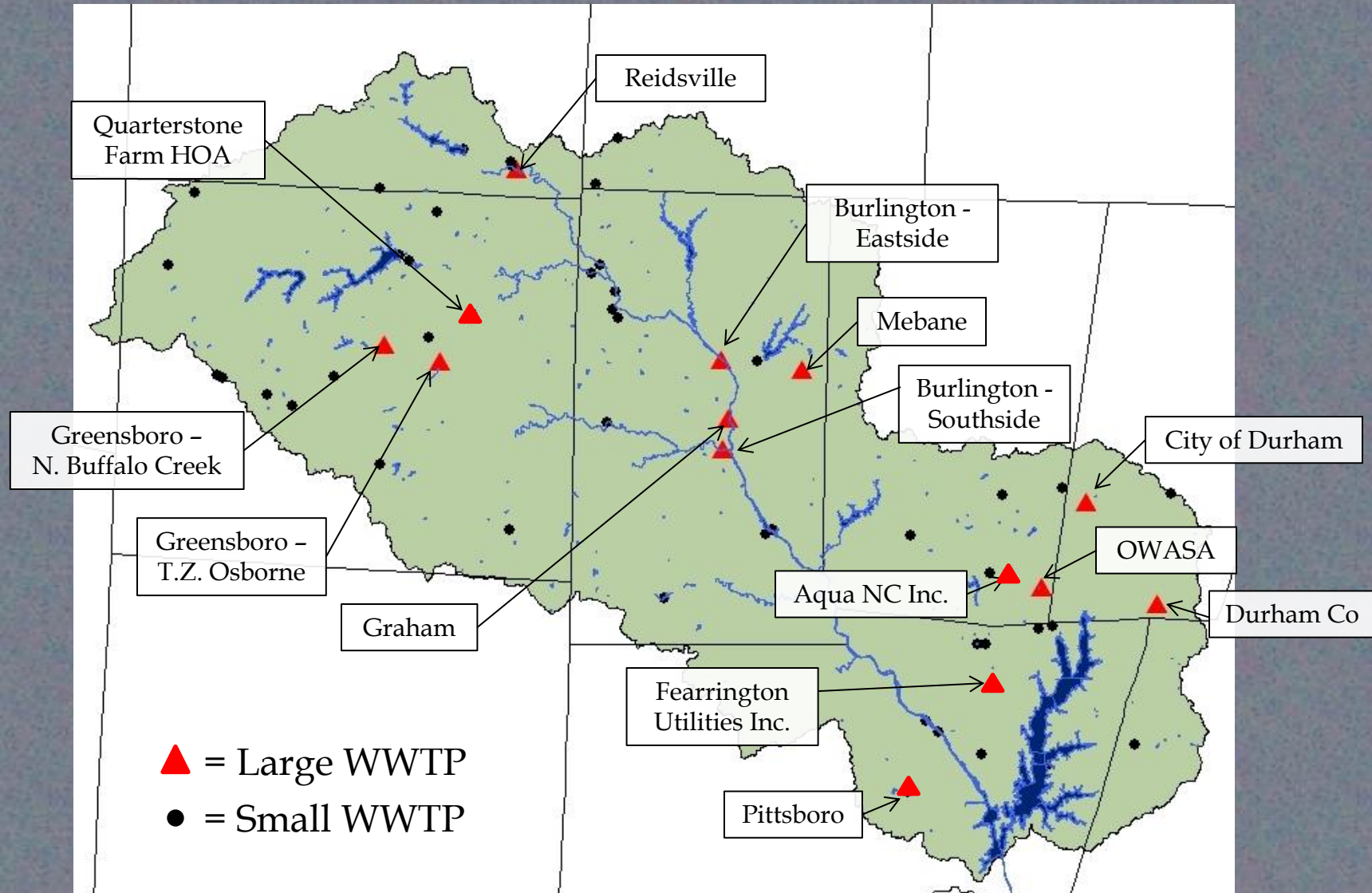
Lower New Hope Arm



Wastewater Background – Other Regulations

- ▣ NPDES Permits
- ▣ Water Supply Watershed (WS-II - WS-IV)
- ▣ Clean Water Responsibility Act (SL 1997-458)
 - Compliance by 2003
 - N=5.5 mg/L; P=2 mg/L
or Meet Lake Modeling Requirements

Wastewater Dischargers



Wastewater Dischargers - Jordan Requirements

- ▣ Goal loads allocated to 45 existing WWTPs
- ▣ Individual N, P load allocations (lbs/yr)
 - Based on equivalent concentrations
 - Major equivalent concentrations
 - UNH -> N=3.04; P=0.23
 - LNH -> N=5.35; P=0.37
 - Haw -> N=5.29; P=0.66
- ▣ Compliance dates:
 - 2010: Phosphorus
 - 2019 or 2021: Nitrogen
- ▣ Options:
 - Group compliance, allocation trading

Wastewater Implementation

- ▣ All WWTPs meeting Phosphorus (2010)

- ▣ Nitrogen (2019 or 2021)

UNH

- ▣ Two not complying: City of Durham and OWASA
- ▣ Two complying: Durham Co. and Aqua NC Inc.

LNH

- ▣ One not complying: Fearington Village

Haw

- ▣ Two not complying : Both of Greensboro's

Wastewater Dischargers - 2007 Projected Costs

Total Costs Years 1-8	NUTRIENT COSTS		
	Other Regs: CWRA	Jordan Rules - Additional	Total
Upper New Hope	\$ -	\$ 69,689,000	\$ 69,689,000
Lower New Hope	\$ 2,989,000	\$ 1,396,000	\$ 4,385,000
Haw River	\$ 191,618,000	\$ 11,259,000	\$ 202,877,000
Total (All Subwatersheds)	\$ 194,607,000	\$ 82,344,000	\$ 276,951,000

Wastewater Dischargers - Actual and Planned Nutrient Costs

WWTP	Permitted Flow (MGD)	Pre-Jordan CWRA Capital Costs		Remaining CWRA/Jordan Capital Costs		
		Capital Costs	Complete Date	Spent to Date	Planned	Complete Date
OWASA	14.5	\$22.5 mil	2009		\$1.9 mil	2015
Durham Co.	12	\$47mil*	2005			
Aqua NC	0.35	\$363k	2008			
Greensboro	56				\$98 mil	2021
Durham City	20			\$12. 6 mil		May 2014
S. Burlington	12			\$18 mil		Dec 2013
E. Burlington	12			\$8 mil		Jan 2014
Reidsville	7.5					
Mebane	2.5			\$1.1 mil		Jan 2014
Quarterstone	0.2					
TOTALS	137 MGD	\$69.9 mil		\$38.6	\$99.9 mil	Total Capital = \$209 mil*

Stormwater Background - Other Regulations

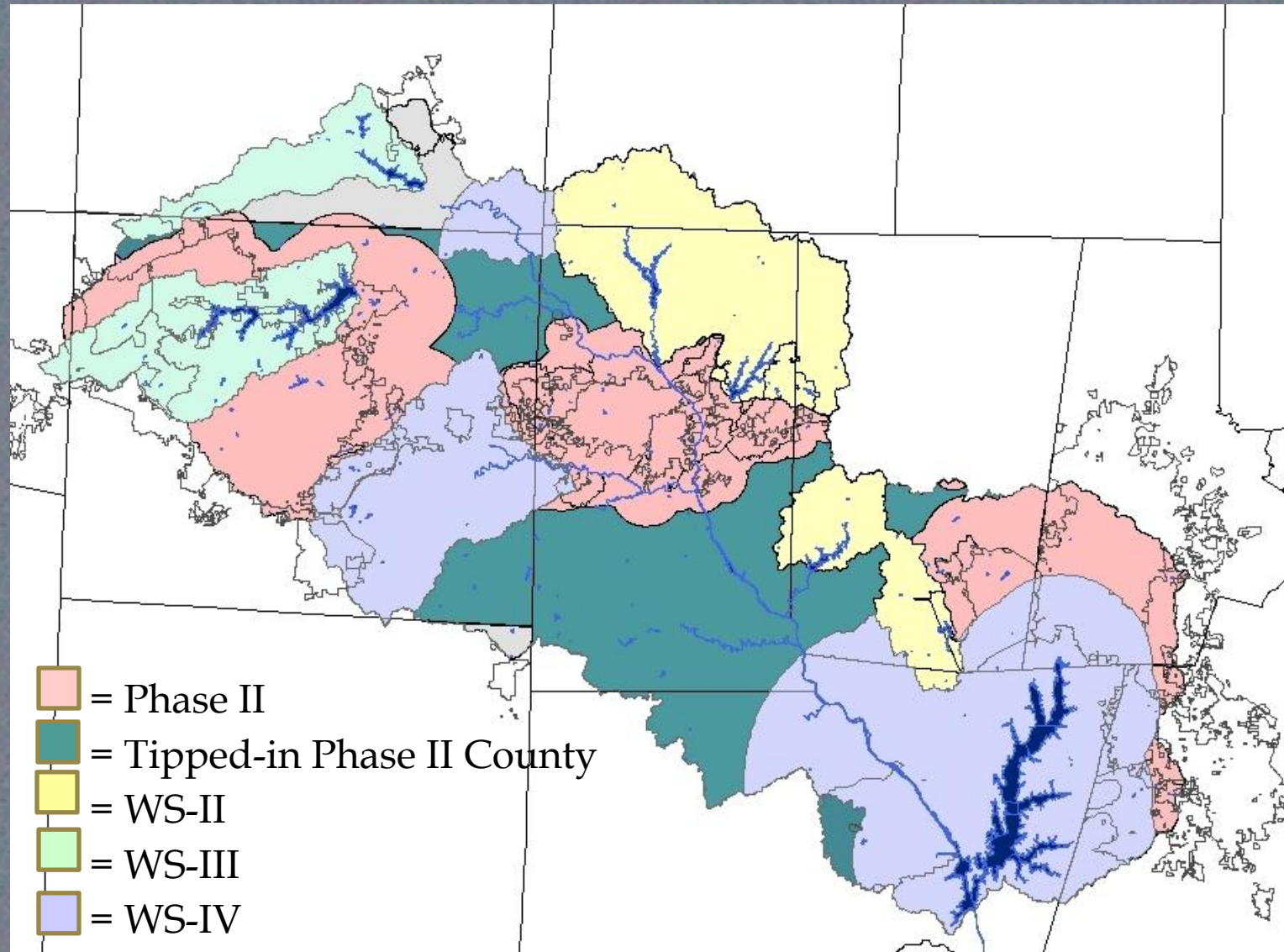
Water Supply Watersheds (WS-II – WS-IV)

- Density over 12-24% = 85% TSS removal
- 30', 100' setback requirements

NPDES Phase I/II

- Density over 24% = 85% TSS removal
- 30' buffer requirements
- 1 year, 24-hour storm peak rate match

Existing Stormwater Regulations – NPDES Phase II & Water Supply Watersheds



Jordan New Development Stormwater Requirements

Loading Rate Targets

Subwatershed	N (lb/ac/yr)	P (lb/ac/yr)
Upper New Hope	2.2	0.82
Lower New Hope	4.4	0.78
Haw	3.8	1.43

- If over rate target, 85% TSS Removal
- Offsite Thresholds (lb/ac/yr)
 - 6 lbs/ac/yr - single-family and duplex residential
 - 10 lbs/ac/yr - commercial and industrial
- Offsite options: EEP, Privates Banks

Jordan New Development Stormwater Implementation

- ▣ Mar '11 – EMC approved model program
- ▣ May '12 – EMC approved local programs
- ▣ Jul '12 & '13 - S.L.s delayed implementation to Aug '17
- ▣ 11 of 33 voluntarily implementing

Jordan New Development Stormwater – Voluntary Implementation

Voluntarily Implementing	
Local Government	Date
Chatham Co.	Aug '12
Durham Co.	Jun '12
Orange Co.	Jun '12
Wake Co.	Jul '12
Carrboro	Jun '12
Cary	Oct '12
Chapel Hill	Dec '12
Durham	June '12
Morrisville	Feb '12
Oak Ridge	Aug '12
Pittsboro	Nov '13

Not Implemented	
Alamance Co.	Greensboro
Caswell Co.	Haw River
Guilford Co.	Kernersville
Rockingham Co.	Mebane
Alamance	Ossippee
Apex	Pleasant Garden
Burlington	Reidsville
Elon	Sedalia
Gibsonville	Stokesdale
Graham	Summerfield
Green Level	Whitsett

Existing Development Background

Other Regulations

NPDES Phase II Stormwater Programmatic Measures

- Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDDE)
- Mapping
- Public Education
- BMP O&M Plan

Jordan Existing Development Stormwater Requirements

- ▣ SL 2009-216 wholly replaced EMC Rule
- ▣ All local governments
- ▣ Stage I & II
 - Stage I – Programmatic Measures (2010)
 - Stage II – Implement nutrient practices toward goals
 - ▣ Triggered by monitoring program in:
 - Jun '18 - UNH (8%N, 5%P)
 - Jun '21 - LNH and Haw (8%N, 5%P)
 - Jun '27 - UNH (35%N)
- ▣ Nutrient Scientific Advisory Board (NSAB)

Jordan Existing Development Stormwater Implementation

- ▣ 2010 – Stage I Programs; annual reports
- ▣ 2010 – Nutrient Scientific Advisory Board initiated
- ▣ Jul 2013 – Draft model program to EMC
- ▣ Jun 2014 – Watershed model to assign load reduction needs
- ▣ 2014-2016 – Adding Nutrient Practices to Tool Box

Jordan Existing Development Stormwater Cost

- ▣ 2007 Estimated Full Cost ~ \$528 million
- ▣ Factors that may lower costs
 - Assume traditional costly stormwater retrofits
 - ▣ DWR working with NSAB, UNRBA to credit more cost-effective load-reducing measures
 - Assume meeting full % reductions
 - ▣ Local governments to propose timeline
 - Shift to maintenance mode if lake recovers

Jordan Riparian Buffer Protection

Implementation

- ▣ Aug 2009 - DWQ-implemented areas
- ▣ Nov '10 / Mar '11 – Local governments

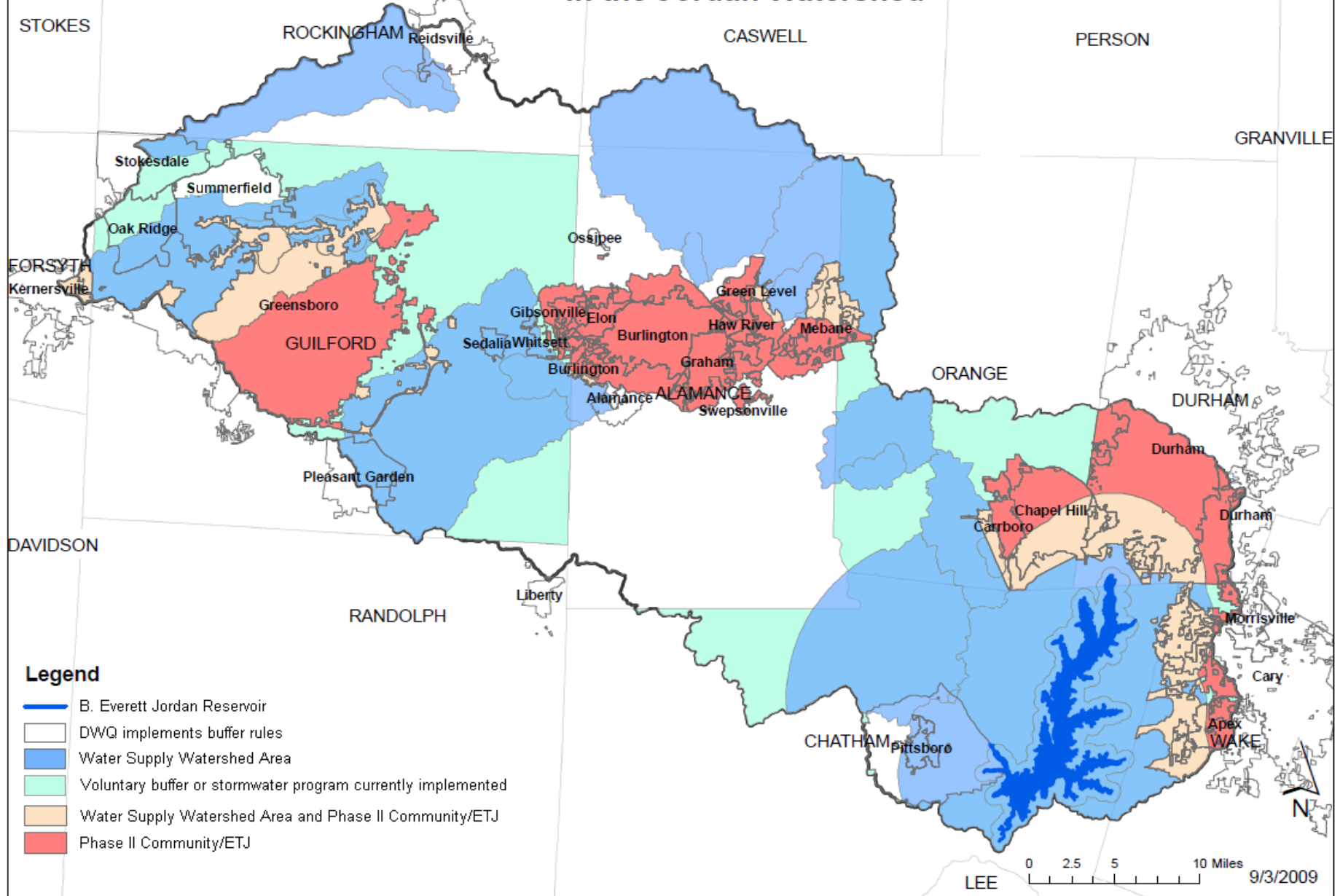
Projected Cost

- ▣ ~\$4.2 million
 - ~\$2.5 million of mitigation
 - ~\$1 million of forestry lost timber

Riparian Buffers Protection

- ▣ Similar to Neuse & Tar-Pam Buffer Rules
- ▣ 50' vegetated buffers protected
 - ▣ 2 zones – inner 30' forested, outer 20' vegetated
- ▣ Existing buffer uses grandfathered
- ▣ Mitigation options: restoration, offset fee, property donation
- ▣ Local governments administer most activities

Implementation of Buffer Requirements in the Jordan Watershed



Other Agriculture Regulatory Requirements

- Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO) including application to crops
- Biosolids application to crops

Jordan Agriculture Rule

Requirements

- ▣ Aug '18 - Collectively achieve N% & P Goals
- ▣ Aug '21 – Additional requirements if goals not met

Implementation

- ▣ Oct 2009 - Watershed Oversight Committee formed
- ▣ Jul 2011 – EMC approved accounting methods
- ▣ Jul 2012 – Initial Accounting to EMC
 - Cropland Nitrogen met
 - Pastureland nitrogen only met in LNH
 - No increase in phosphorus loss
- ▣ Jan 2014 – 2nd accounting to DWR
 - Cropland Nitrogen met in 2 of 3 subwatersheds
 - No increase in phosphorus loss

Jordan Agriculture Rule Costs

Project Costs from 2007 Fiscal Note= \$2.5 million

- Assumptions:
 - Cost Share (Farmers pay 25%)
 - Structural BMPs for Pasture & Cropland

Contact Information

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